

8:40am

The committee began with the participation of the different delegations who presented their positions on the phenomenon of migration. Countries in favor, against and others seeking an intermediate position were evident. Throughout the discussion delegates expressed concern about creating solutions that protect migrants without neglecting the economic and social stability of their nations.



9:46am

Spain explained that many people migrate looking for safety, jobs, or a better future. The delegation said migration can help countries grow through new cultures and ideas, but it can also cause problems like homelessness or job shortages. Spain believes migrants deserve respect and protection, and want to improve systems to make them feel welcome and safe. Spain also supports more freedom for people to move between countries. The delegations proposal was supported by France, Cuba, and Chile.

10:17



Colombia shared that a large number of migrants are causing issues in schools, public safety, and the economy. The delegation explained that the country cannot manage this situation on its own and needs help from others. Colombia wants to care for migrants but also protect its own citizens. Colombia believes cooperation between countries is necessary to deal with migration fairly and responsibly.

10:26

Japan warned that migration may cause problems such as a lack of jobs or basic services, which affect both migrants and citizens. The delegation stated that when resources are low, the challenges grow. For this reason, Japan believes countries should work together to handle migration in a fair, organized, and responsible way. They support cooperation to protect people and avoid conflict.

10:56pm

The United States said migration causes crime, economic pressure, and damage to their international image. The delegation believe it's better to limit migration as much as possible to protect their safety and economy. The USA clearly does not support open borders and prefers to control who enters the country very strictly.

## 11:22am

Peru explained that migration can make countries unequal if some receive more migrants than others. The delegation believe this creates unfair advantages or disadvantages. The delegation proposes to create new rules that make migration more equal and balanced, so there is no country becomes too strong or weak because of it.



## 11:27am

Germany believes migration is important for economic and social development. The delegation warned that without migrants, even strong nations may lose power. Furthermore, Germany expressed a disagreement with Peru, saying that countries should not be forced to stay equal. Instead, each nation should grow based on its efforts and resources, and migration helps make that possible.

## 11:30am



A new debate started when Guatemala strongly opposed migration, saying it causes economic problems, worsens climate change, and harms the country. Argentina disagreed, saying migration brings cultural diversity and supports national growth. Spain also supported migration, saying people should be welcomed regardless of religion or origin, and that inclusion makes a nation stronger. This contrast showed how different countries view migration and its impact.

## 12:00 Pm

Japan and France gave a joint presentation where they discussed the pros and cons of migration. On the positive side, they highlighted how migration brings new people, cultures, and traditions, helping countries become more diverse and creative. However, they also mentioned challenges like lack of jobs, pressure on public services, and housing shortages. Despite these issues, both countries proposed thoughtful solutions, such as creating better job programs, improving housing systems, and increasing cooperation between nations.

## 12:00 Pm

To end the session, it was clear that the topic of migration brings both strong disagreements and opportunities for cooperation. While some delegations defended the benefits of welcoming migrants, others remained firm in their concerns. Tomorrow, the committee is expected to focus on proposals, searching for agreements, and trying to find common ground between different positions.